WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

AND

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

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Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

200 E. Garden St., P.O. Box 4300, Rome, N.Y. 13442-4300 315-336-9220 Fax: 315-336-0836

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Westhill Central School District, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Westhill Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Westhill Central School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Westhill Central School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Westhill Central School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Westhill Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform
 audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Westhill Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Westhill Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.



We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

D'Arcangelo

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Westhill Central School District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the New York State Education Department and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2024, on our consideration of the Westhill Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Westhill Central School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Westhill Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

D'arcangelo + Co., LLP

September 23, 2024

Rome, New York

The Westhill Central School District's discussion and analysis of financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

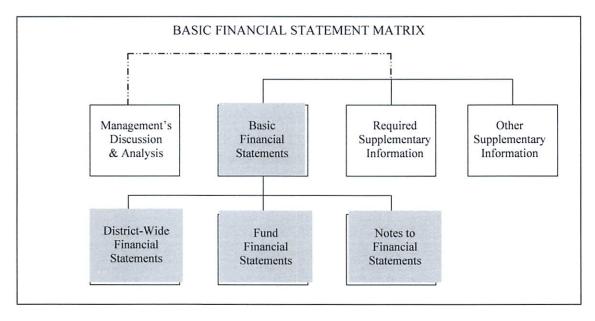
1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2024, are as follows:

- The District's total Net Position, as reflected in the District-wide financial statements, decreased by \$2,932,466.
- The District's expenses for the year, as reflected in the District-wide financial statements, totaled \$52,298,027. Of this amount, 4.4% or \$2,309,614 was offset by program charges for services and operating grants. General revenues of \$47,055,947 amount to 95.3% of total revenues. These revenues covered the remaining of program expenses leaving a decrease in net position of \$2,932,466.
- The General Fund's total fund balance, as reflected in the fund financial statements on pages 15 and 17, increased by \$51,851 to \$11,093,361. This was due to an unexpended appropriation in the General Fund budget of \$1,526,690 offset with excess revenues of \$1,473,475 and an appropriated fund balance of \$2,948,314.
- State and Federal revenue increased by \$3,568,137 or approximately 19.7% in 2024. This was mainly due to a \$2,492,716 or 26% increase from State Foundation aid in the General Fund. For 2023-24, New York State enacted Budget provides for a \$2.63 billion increase in Foundation Aid. This increase completes the three-year phase-in to fully fund Foundation Aid for all districts and allocates a minimum increase of at least three percent.

2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements consist of District-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. A graphic display of the relationship of these statements follows:



A. District-wide Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements are organized to provide an understanding of the fiscal performance of the District as a whole in a manner similar to a private sector business. There are two District-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide both an aggregate and long-term view of the District's finances.

These statements utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes the financial effects of events when they occur, without regard to the timing of cash flows related to the events.

The Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as Net Position. Increases or decreases in Net Position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in Net Position during the fiscal year. All changes in Net Position are recorded at the time the underlying financial event occurs. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District also uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are reported in the governmental funds and the fiduciary funds.

These statements utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period that they become measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the period that they become measurable, funded through available resources and payable within a current period.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Districtwide financial statements. However, the governmental fund financial statements focus on shorter term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for spending in future years. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of District-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the District-wide financial statements. By doing so, you may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide on the subsequent page, a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds, general fund, school lunch fund, special aid fund, miscellaneous special revenue, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund and is presented separately in the fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in its capacity as agent or trustee. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The fiduciary activities have been excluded from the District's District-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

A. Net Position

The District's total Net Position decreased \$2,932,466 between fiscal year 2023 and 2024. A summary of the District's Statement of Net Position for June 30, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

	2024	2023	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Current and Other Assets Capital and Righht to Use Assets, Net Total Assets	\$ 15,863,939 <u>85,696,609</u> 101,560,548	\$ 22,786,657 80,993,810 103,780,467	\$ (6,922,718) 4,702,799 (2,219,919)	(30.4%) 5.8% (2.1%)
Deferred Outflow of Resources	17,896,985	23,246,229	(5,349,244)	(23.0%)
Non-Current Liabilities Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	141,914,718 2,409,819 5,665,343 149,989,880	124,129,135 3,708,643 24,929,159 152,766,937	17,785,583 (1,298,824) (19,263,816) (2,777,057)	14.3% (35.0%) (77.3%) (1.8%)
Deferred Inflow of Resources	10,872,047	12,731,687	(1,859,640)	(14.6%)
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position (Deficit)	39,930,142 4,679,468 (86,014,004) \$ (41,404,394)	36,681,674 4,846,975 (80,000,577) \$ (38,471,928)	3,248,468 (167,507) (6,013,427) \$ (2,932,466)	8.9% (3.5%) (7.5%) (7.6%)

Current and Other assets decreased by \$6,922,718, the decrease was primarily because the District used BAN proceeds for capital projects, which decreased Cash and Cash Equivalents.

The net change in the proportionate share of net assets and/or liabilities and the amounts of deferred inflows and outflows resulted in a decrease in financial position of \$1,268,087. GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* requires the inclusion of the District's proportionate share of net assets and/or liabilities in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System and Employees' Retirement Systems.

The accounting for Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Liabilities resulted in a \$3,153,318 increase in the Non-Current Liabilities noted above. This increase was mainly due to an increase in the discount rate used in the actuary's calculations from 3.54% to 3.65% and an increase in the interest cost applied to the total OPEB liability for \$1,239,551. The OPEB changes also resulted in a decrease in deferred outflows by \$3,177,492 and a decrease in deferred inflows by \$2,273,790.

The Net Position invested in capital and right to use assets is calculated by subtracting the amount of outstanding debt used for construction and leasing activity from the total cost of all asset acquisitions, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. The total cost of these acquisitions and leases includes expenditures to purchase and/or lease land, construct and improve buildings and purchase vehicles, equipment and furniture to support District operations.

The unrestricted Net Position at June 30, 2024, is a deficit of \$86,014,004, which represents the amount by which the District's liabilities, excluding debt related to capital construction and leases, exceeded the District's assets other than capital and right to use assets. This deficit is due to the \$98,497,528 OPEB liability at June 30, 2024. Since New York State Laws provide no mechanism for funding the liability, the subsequent accruals are expected to increase the deficit in subsequent years.

The restricted Net Position at June 30, 2024, is \$4,679,468, which represents the amount of the District's reserves and other restricted funds in the Debt Service and Miscellaneous Revenue Funds.

B. Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities in a programmatic format in the accompanying financial statements. In the accompanying financial statements STAR (school tax relief) revenue is included in the other tax items line. However, in this MD&A, STAR revenue has been combined with property taxes. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 is as follows.

Revenues	2024	2023	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Program Revenues	2024			Change
Charges for Services	\$ 454,570	\$ 514,337	\$ (59,767)	(11.6%)
Operating Grants	1,855,044	2,929,472	(1,074,428)	(36.7%)
	1,855,044	Summer and Summer and	(693,895)	(100.0%)
Capital Grants	0	693,895	(093,893)	(100.0%)
General Revenues				
Property Taxes and STAR	23,686,351	23,115,627	570,724	2.5%
Nonproperty Tax Items	81,734	78,320	3,414	4.4%
State and Federal Sources	21,682,968	18,114,831	3,568,137	19.7%
Use of Money and Property	863,879	606,718	257,161	42.4%
Other	741,015	894,617	(153,602)	(17.2%)
Total Revenues	49,365,561	46,947,817	2,417,744	5.1%
Expenses				
General Support	6,543,958	5,705,289	838,669	14.7%
Instruction	38,811,742	36,146,220	2,665,522	7.4%
Pupil Transportation	4,578,079	3,739,963	838,116	22.4%
Debt Service-Unallocated Interest	1,760,658	1,598,641	162,017	10.1%
Food Service Program	603,590	938,261	(334,671)	(35.7%)
Total Expenses	52,298,027	48,128,374	4,169,653	8.7%
Total Change in Net Position	<u>\$ (2,932,466)</u>	<u>\$ (1,180,557)</u>	<u>\$ (1,751,909)</u>	

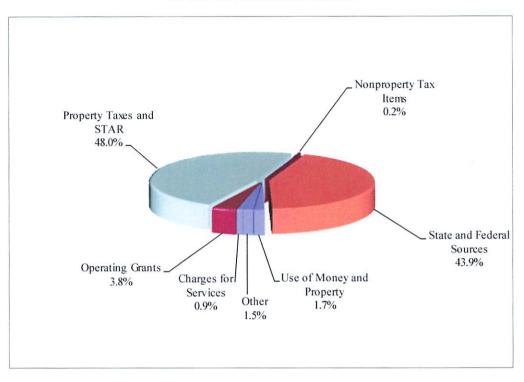
The District's revenues increased by \$2,417,744 in 2024 or 5.1%. The major factors that contributed to the increase were:

- The District's 2023-2024 voter approved budget carried a property tax levy increase of 2.4%.
- State and Federal revenue increased by a net of \$3,568,137 or 19.7% in 2024. This was mainly due to a \$2,492,716 or 26% increase from State Foundation aid in the General Fund and a \$1,001,277 or 26% increase in State Building Aid for the recent capital project.
- Operating Grants decreased \$1,074,428 due to a decrease of \$914,074 to the American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) grant being in its final stages.
- Capital Grants decreased \$693,895 was due to the Capital Fund recognizing grant revenue in the prior year for the Smart Schools Bond Act.
- Use of money and property increased due to the increase in available interest rates.

The District's expenses increased by \$4,169,653 in 2024 or 8.7%. The major factors that contributed to the increase were:

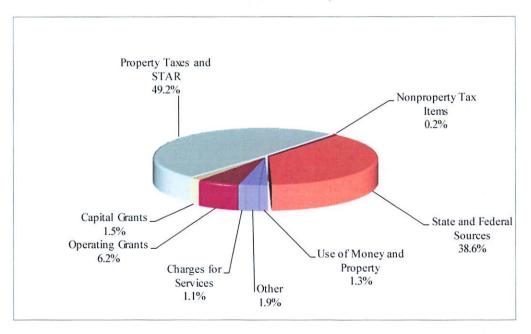
- The expense for OPEB liability increasing \$1,134,912 The increase was due to changes in actuarial assumptions.
- The expense for the retirement systems increased \$568,261 as a result of the District's net proportionate share in the New York State Employees' and Teachers' Retirement Systems.
- The remaining increase is due to increases in salaries and benefits for at total of 1,755,890 or approximately 5.5%.

• A graphic display of the distribution of revenues for the two years follows:



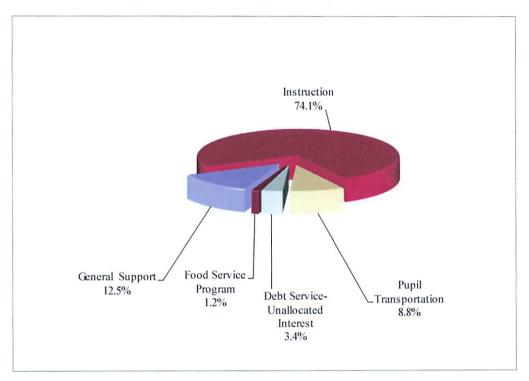
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



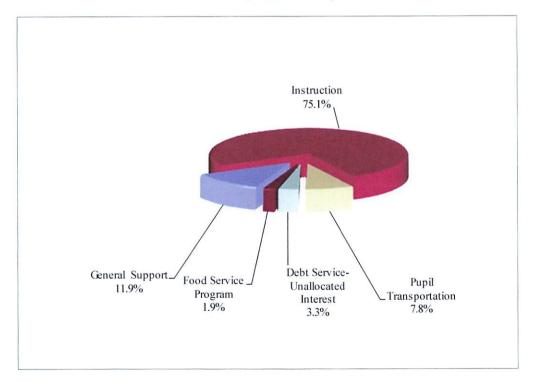
See Independent Auditor's Report. 7

• A graphic display of the distribution of expenses for the two years follows:



For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At June 30, 2024, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$10,218,485 which is an increase of \$11,898,960 over the prior year. The increase is due to the issuance of serial bonds in the Capital Fund which permanently financed project expenditures. A summary of the change in fund balance by fund is as follows:

	Ending Balance]	Beginning Balance	D	ifference
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 1,055,344	\$	901,367	\$	153,977
Restricted					
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	241,761		239,851		1,910
Retirement Contribution	966,958		966,958		0
Tax Certiorari	402,921		399,738		3,183
Unemployment Insurance	92,124		92,124		0
Workers' Compensation	375,000		375,000		0
Insurance	500,000		500,000		0
Capital Reserve	 650,000		650,000		0
Total Restricted	 3,228,764		3,223,671		5,093
Assigned					
Appropriated for Subsequent Year's Budget	1,857,012		2,469,721		(612,709)
General Support	92,001		145,957		(53,956)
Instruction	164,789		170,058		(5,269)
Pupil Transportation	 0		17,320		(17,320)
Total Assigned	 2,113,802		2,803,056		(689,254)
Unassigned	 4,695,451		4,113,416		582,035
Total General Fund	 11,093,361		11,041,510	11	51,851
School Lunch Fund					
Nonspendable	18,497		9,781		8,716
Assigned	 342,685		570,806		(228,121)
Total School Lunch Fund	 361,182		580,587		(219,405)
Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund					
Restricted for Endowments and Scholarships	 21,028		30,278		(9,250)
Debt Service Fund					
Restricted	 1,429,676		1,593,026		(163,350)
Capital Fund					
Unassigned (Deficit)	 (2,686,762)		(14,925,876)		12,239,114
Total	\$ 10,218,485	\$	(1,680,475)	\$	11,898,960

The combined increase of \$5,093 to the General Fund restricted fund balances for the year ending June 30, 2024, was due to interest earned.

5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A. 2023-2024 Budget

The District's General fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2024, was \$47,010,551. The budget was increased by \$333,336 due to carryover encumbrances from the prior year and \$1,515,757 for various capital projects.

The budget was funded through a combination of revenues and designated fund balance. The majority of this funding source was \$21,340,836 in estimated property taxes and \$23,869,613 in estimated STAR and State Aid.

B. Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The General fund's unassigned fund balance is the component of total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves and designations to fund the subsequent year's budget. It is this balance that is commonly referred to as the "fund balance". The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget follows:

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	4,113,416
Revenues and Other Sources under Budget		(1,474,839)
Carryover Encumbrances from June 30, 2023		333,335
Expenditures under Budget		1,526,690
Encumbrances at June 30, 2024		(256,790)
Change to Assigned - Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures		612,709
Decrease to Nonspendable		(153,977)
Net Increase to Reserved Funds		(5,093)
Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	4,695,451

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance

The \$4,113,416 shown in the table is the portion of the District's June 30, 2023 fund balance that was retained unassigned. This was 8.75% of the District's 2023-2024 approved operating budget.

Revenues Over Budget

The 2023-2024 budget for revenues and transfers was \$45,911,330. The actual revenues and transfers received for the year were \$47,384,805. The actual revenue was under-estimated or budgeted revenue by \$1,473,475. This variance combined with a total appropriated reserves and fund balance of \$2,948,314, resulted in a total deficit of revenues and other sources totaling to \$1,474,839. This deficit contributes directly to the change to the unassigned portion of the General fund balance from June 30, 2023 to June 30, 2024.

Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget

The 2023-2024 budget for expenditures was \$48,859,644. The actual expenditures and encumbrances were \$47,589,744. The final budget was under expended by \$1,526,690, before encumbrances of \$256,790. This under expenditure contributes to the change to the unassigned portion of the General fund balance from June 30, 2023 to June 30, 2024.

Appropriated Fund Balance

The District has chosen to use \$1,857,012 of its available June 30, 2024, fund balance to partially fund its 2024-2025 approved operating budget. This amount was \$612,709 lower than the prior year.

Reserved Fund Balance

The District's reserve funds increased by \$5,093 in the General Fund for the year ending June 30, 2024.

Closing, Unreserved - Unassigned Fund Balance

Based upon the summary changes shown in the above table, the District will begin the 2024-2025 fiscal year with an unassigned fund balance of \$4,695,451. This is an increase of \$582,035 over the unassigned balance from the prior year. This was 9.39% of the District's approved operating budget for 2024-2025.

See Independent Auditor's Report.

6. CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

A. Capital Assets

At June 30, 2024, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements and equipment. The net increase in capital assets is due to capital additions less depreciation and amortization recorded for the year ended June 30, 2024. A summary of the District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization at June 30, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

	17	2024	22.14	2023	(Increase (Decrease)
Land	\$	4,073,888	\$	1,323,944	\$	2,749,944
Construction in Process		20,054,061		17,048,025		3,006,036
Land Improvements		3,068,981		3,386,551		(317,570)
Buildings		55,702,855		57,519,650		(1,816,795)
Vehicles, Furniture, and Equipment		2,087,840		970,543		1,117,297
Right To Use Leased Assets	-	708,984		745,097	74	(36,113)
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$</u>	85,696,609	\$	80,993,810	<u>\$</u>	4,702,799

B. Debt Administration

At June 30, 2024, the District had total bonds payable of \$37,419,473 and bond anticipation notes of \$2,900,463 which utilized 29.4% of the District's debt limit established by New York State Constitution. A summary of the outstanding debt at June 30, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

Issue Date	Maturity	Interest Rate		2024	2023		Increase (Decrease)
Serial Bonds	<u></u>		-				<u> </u>
06/13	06/32	2.00-3.50%	\$	9,320,000	\$ 11,045,000	\$	(1,725,000)
08/16	8/23	2.00-4.00			400,000		(400,000)
10/18	10/23	3.00%			90,000		(90,000)
1/20	10/24	1.60-1.75%		105,000	205,000		(100,000)
12/20	10/25	1.125-1.20%		185,000	275,000		(90,000)
06/20	06/34	5.00%		10,590,000	11,435,000		(845,000)
4/22	10/26	1.25-2.75%		225,000	300,000		(75,000)
10/22	10/27	3.75-4.00%		315,000	388,033		(73,033)
3/24	10/28	3.75%		619,473			619,473
6/24	06/39	5.00%		16,060,000			16,060,000
			\$	37,419,473	\$ 24,138,033	S	13,281,440

7. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The budget for the 2024-25 school year was approved by the voters of the District on May 21, 2024. The approved budget of \$49,991,824 is an increase of \$2,981,273 or 6.3% from the 2023-24 budget and carries a tax levy increase of 4.03%. The tax levy increase is below the tax cap.

During the 2024-25 school year, the Westhill Central School District anticipates an increase of \$1,108,013 in State aid due to the restoration of the NYS foundation aid formula. Looking forward, the Governor has directed the Rockefeller Institute of Government to review potential modifications to the foundation aid formula. If the Rockefeller Institute of Government recommends a different basis for allocating state aid this could have an impact on future district revenues. For example, if the Rockefeller Institute of Government were to recommend allocating state aid using a different wealth measure, such as a self-sufficiency standard, in lieu of the current combined wealth index then this would likely shift state aid from upstate NY to Long Island.

The 2024-25 budget incorporated several things previously funded under the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act and the American Rescue Plan. These include additional staff resources such as: English as a second language teachers, school patrol officers, instructional coaches, and teaching assistants. The additional staff are primarily being used to address school safety, learning loss and social and emotional learning.

Voters also approved a \$2.25M capital project and the purchase of four 66-passenger buses. The total cost of the buses is not to exceed \$660,000.

Student enrollment remains fairly stable; however, the percentage of students eligible for free and reduced price lunches has doubled over the past ten years. This trend is similar to other districts in the region. The district will be eligible for the Community Eligibility Provision beginning in 2024-25 which will provide free breakfast and lunch to all students.

Looking forward it is anticipated that the consumer price index will be greater than the 2% maximum allowed by the tax cap formula.

8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, at:

Westhill Central School District 400 Walberta Road Syracuse, New York 13219-2214

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

Assets	0	(11 1 0 5 5
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,414,255
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		5,051,663
Receivables		
Due from Other Governments		3,160,652
Due from Fiduciary Funds		23,229
Other Receivables		140,299
Inventory		18,497
Prepaid Expenses		1,055,344
Right to Use Leased Assets, Net		708,984
Capital Assets (Not Being Depreciated)		24,127,949
Capital Assets, Net		60,859,676
Total Assets		101,560,548
Deferred Outflow of Resources		
Deferred Outflow - OPEB		10,000,533
Deferred Outflow - Pensions		7,896,452
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources		17,896,985
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	119,457,533
	-	
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	46,926
Accrued Liabilities		301,393
Agency Liabilities		391,501
Due To		
Other Governments		247
Teachers' Retirement System		1,872,039
Employees' Retirement System		144,424
Short-Term Notes Payables		
Bond Anticipation Notes		2,900,463
Unearned Revenue		8,350
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share		2,409,819
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Due Within One Year		4,743,465
Due in More Than One Year		137,171,253
Total Liabilities		149,989,880
Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Deferred Inflow - OPEB		9,363,349
Deferred Inflow - Pensions		1,508,698
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		10,872,047
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflow of Resources		160,861,927
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		39,930,142
Restricted		4,679,468
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(86,014,004)
Total Net Position (Deficit)		(41,404,394)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources, and Net Position The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Financial Statement.	<u>\$</u>	119,457,533

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Financial Statement.

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Program	Reve	nues	N	et (Expense)
			Cł	arges for		perating trants and	-	Revenue and Changes in
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		ntributions		Net Position
General Support	\$	6,543,958	\$		\$		\$	(6,543,958)
Instruction		38,811,742		42,125		1,477,195		(37,292,422)
Pupil Transportation		4,578,079						(4,578,079)
Debt Service - Unallocated Interest		1,760,658						(1,760,658)
Food Service		603,590		412,445		377,849		186,704
Total Functions/Programs	\$	52,298,027	<u>\$</u>	454,570	\$	1,855,044		(49,988,413)
General Revenues Real Property Taxes								21,339,969
STAR and Other Real Property Tax Ite	ms							2,346,382
Nonproperty Tax Items	mo							81,734
Use of Money and Property								863,879
Premiums on Debt								9,955
Sales of Property and Compensation fo	r Loss	5						28,793
State and Federal Sources								21,682,968
Miscellaneous								702,267
Total General Revenues								47,055,947
Change in Net Position								(2,932,466)
Net Position (Deficit), Beginni	ng of	Year						(38,471,928)
Net Position (Deficit), End of	Year						<u>\$</u>	(41,404,394)

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WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

Assets		General		School Lunch	_	Special Aid		Miscellaneous Special Revenue_	_	Debt Service	_	Capital		Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents	S	5,516,073	S	439,043	S	459,139	S		S		S		s	6,414,255
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		3,228,764						21,028		1,325,463		476,408		5,051,663
Receivables														
Due from Other Governments		2,656,364		21,108		483,180								3,160,652
Due from Other Funds		1,346,743		14,487		2,115				360,260		97,553		1,821,158
Other Receivables		140,299												140,299
Inventory				18,497										18,497
Prepaid Expenses		1,055,344	_		_				_		_		_	1,055,344
Total Assets	5	13,943,587	<u>\$</u>	493,135	\$	944,434	5	21,028	\$	1,685,723	5	573,961	\$	17,661,868
Liabilities														
Pavables														
Accounts Payable	S	46,603	S	323	\$		S		\$		S		S	46,926
Accrued Liabilities		219,054												219,054
Agency Liabilities		391,501												391,501
Due To														
Other Governments				247										247
Other Funds		114,155		131,383		936,084				256,047		360,260		1,797,929
Teachers' Retirement System		1,872,039												1,872,039
Employees' Retirement System Bond Anticipation Note Payable		144,424										2,900,463		144,424 2,900,463
Compensated Absences		62,450												62,450
Unearned Revenue					-	8,350	_		-		_			8,350
Total Liabilities		2,850,226		131,953	_	944,434	_		-	256,047	_	3,260,723	_	7,443,383
Fund Balances														
Nonspendable		1,055,344		18,497										1,073,841
Restricted		3,228,764						21,028		1,429,676				4,679,468
Assigned		2,113,802		342,685										2,456,487
Unassigned (Deficit)		4,695,451	_		_		-		_		_	(2,686,762)	_	2,008,689
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	_	11,093,361	_	361,182	-		-	21,028	-	1,429,676		(2,686,762)	_	10,218,485
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>s</u>	13,943,587	5	493,135	5	944,434	<u>s</u>	21,028	5	1,685,723	<u>s</u>	573,961	<u>s</u>	17,661,868

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT **RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES** TO THE DISTRICT-WIDE NET POSITION

June 30, 2024

Total Governmental Fund Balances	<u>\$ 10,218,485</u>
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
The cost of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) and right to use leased assets financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the balance sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the School District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.	
Right to Use Leased Assets	1,608,845
Accumulated Amortization	(899,861)
Original Cost of Capital Assets	127,227,872
Accumulated Depreciation	(42,240,247)
	85,696,609
Proportionate share of long-term asset and liability associated with participation in state retirement system are not current financial resources or obligations and are not reported in the funds.	
Deferred Outflows - Pensions	7,896,452
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	(2,409,819)
Deferred Inflows - Pensions	(1,508,698)
	3,977,935
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the	
current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	
Bonds Payable	(37,419,473)
Lease Liability	(401,020)
Deferred Premiums on Bonds	(5,161,659)
Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable	(82,339)
Other Post Employment Benefit Liabilities Deferred Outflows - OPEB	(98,497,528)
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	10,000,533 (9,363,349)
Compensated Absences Payable	(372,588)
Compensated Absences I ayable	(141,297,423)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (41,404,394)
	<u> </u>

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS 4

For the Year Ended June 3	50,	2024
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	General	School Lunch	Special Aid	Miscellaneous Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital	Total
Revenues							
Real Property Taxes	\$ 21,339,969	S	S	\$	\$	S	\$ 21,339,969
STAR and Other Real Property Tax Items	2,346,382						2,346,382
Nonproperty Tax Items	81,734						81,734
Charges for Services	42,125						42,125
Use of Money and Property	781,137				82,742		863,879
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	28,793						28,793
Miscellaneous	694,267			8,000			702,267
State Aid	21,523,231	12,440	167,562				21,703,233
Federal Aid	159,737	365,409	1,309,633				1,834,779
School Lunch Sales		412,445					412,445
Total Revenues	46,997,375	790,294	1,477,195	8,000	82,742		49,355,606
Expenditures							
General Support	4,000,918					7,184,249	11,185,167
Instruction	21,395,693		1,477,195	17,250		1,275,188	24,165,326
Pupil Transportation	2,300,868					619,472	2,920,340
Food Service Program		876,098					876,098
Employee Benefits	11,235,607	16,704					11,252,311
Debt Service - Principal	4,657,506						4,657,506
Debt Service - Interest	2,114,565						2,114,565
Total Expenditures	45,705,157	892,802	1,477,195	17,250		9,078,909	57,171,313
Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over Expenditures	1,292,218	(102,508)		(9,250)	82,742	(9,078,909)	(7,815,707)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds of Debt						16,679,473	16,679,473
Proceeds of Lease Debt						301,043	301,043
BANs Redeemed from Appropriations						965,000	965,000
Premium on Debt					9,955	1,759,196	1,769,151
Transfers from Other Funds	387,430	14,487			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,613,311	2,015,228
		(131,384)			(256,047)	1,010,011	(2,015,228)
Transfers to Other Funds	(1,627,797)				(246,092)	21,318,023	19,714,667
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,240,367)	(110,897)			(240,092)	21,518,025	19,714,007
Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over							
Expenditures and Other Financing Sources	51,851	(219,405)		(9,250)	(163,350)	12,239,114	11,898,960
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning of Year	11,041,510	580,587		30,278	1,593,026	(14,925,876)	(1,680,475)
Fund Balances (Deficit), End of Year	<u>\$ 11,093,361</u>	<u>\$ 361,182</u>	<u>s</u>	<u>\$ 21,028</u>	<u>\$ 1,429,676</u>	<u>\$ (2,686,762)</u>	<u>\$ 10,218,485</u>

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net Changes in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 11,898,960
Capital Outlays to construct, purchase, or lease capital or right to use assets are reported		
in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental		
activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and		
allocated over their useful lives as depreciation and amortization expenses in the		
statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays		
exceeded depreciation and amortization and loss on disposal in the period.		
Amorization Expense	(304,505)	
Depreciation Expense	(3,310,451)	
Capital and Right to Use Lease Outlays	8,317,755	4,702,799
Capital and Right to Use Dease Outlays	0,017,700	1,102,199
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental		
funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement		
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.		
Issuance of Serial Bonds	(16,679,473)	
Issuance of Lease	(301,043)	
Amortization of Premium on Bonds Issued	407,153	
Current Year Premiums on Bonds	(1,759,196)	
Amortization of Deferred Charges on Advanced Refundings	(18,991)	
Repayment of Lease	294,472	
Repayment Bond Principal	3,398,033	(14,659,045)
Certain expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued Interest on Serial Bonds	(34,255)	
Compensated Absences	11,003	
Retainage Percentage Payable	473,179	
OPEB Liability with Deferred Inflows and Outflows	(4,057,020)	(3,607,093)
(Increases) decreases in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Teachers' Retirement System	(1,077,087)	
Employees' Retirement System	(191,000)	(1,268,087)
Change in Net Position Governmental Activities		<u>\$ (2,932,466)</u>

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2024

	Custodial Fund
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	\$ 137,646
Total Assets	<u>\$ 137,646</u>
Liabilities	
Due to Other Funds	<u>\$ 23,229</u>
Net Position	
Restricted for Extraclassroom Activities	<u>\$ 114,414</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 137,646</u>

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Custodial Fund		
Additions			
Extraclassroom - Receipts	\$ 245,149		
Real Property Tax Collected for Library	204,836		
Total Additions	449,985		
Deductions			
Extraclassroom - Disbursements	275,944		
Real Property Tax Paid to Library	204,836		
Total Deductions	480,780		
Change in Net Position	(30,795)		
Net Position, Beginning of Year	145,209		
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 114,414</u>		

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Westhill Central School District (the School District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as it applies to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Certain significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the School District are described below:

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The School District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of 5 members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the School District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal members.

The reporting entity of the School District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the School District. The School District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the School District's reporting entity.

(a) Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the School District represent funds of the students of the School District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the School District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The School District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in a Fiduciary Custodial Fund. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found at the School District's office.

Joint Venture

The School District is one of 24 component districts in Onondaga-Cortland-Madison Board of Cooperative Education Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES' Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES' Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES' property is held by the BOCES' Board as a corporation [§1950(6)]. In addition, BOCES' Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n (a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES' administrative office at OCM BOCES, 6820 Thompson Rd, Syracuse, NY 13221.

Basis of Presentation

(a) District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the School District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State Aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Capital and operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, and depreciation expense for the year, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to their expenditures. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

(b) Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All funds of the School District are displayed as major funds. The School District reports the following governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the School District's primary operating fund used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds:

Special Aid Fund: This fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as Federal and State grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

School Lunch Fund: This fund is used to account for and report transactions of the School District's lunch and breakfast programs.

Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account for and report transactions of the School District's scholarship funds. The District has both custody and administrative control over the various scholarships. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the School District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Debt Service Fund: This fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted to expenditures for principal and interest. Debt service funds should be used to report resources if legally mandated.

Capital Project Fund: This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

(c) Fiduciary Funds

This fund is used to account for and report fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the School District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-Wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the School District and are not available to be used. There is one class of fiduciary funds:

Custodial Funds: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the School District as agent for various student groups and tax collections for independent libraries within the District.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, State Aid, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-Wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of OPEB liabilities, encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities, and useful lives of long-lived assets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. New York State law governs the School District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to October 31. The County of Onondaga subsequently enforces uncollected real property taxes. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the School District no later than the following April 1.

Receivables

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

Interfund Transactions

The operations of the School District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The School District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

The amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for due to and due from other funds represents amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the interfund transactions during the year ended June 30, 2024, is shown in Note 14 to the financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

The School District uses capitalization thresholds of \$1,000, (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts for grouped like assets or individual assets). Depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-Wide statements are as follows:

	Lives	Method
Land Improvements	20 Years	Straight Line
Building and Improvements	20-50 Years	Straight Line
Furniture, Equipment, and Vehicles	5-20 Years	Straight Line
Intangibles	3 Years	Straight Line

Right to Use Leased Assets

The School District has recorded right to use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB 87 -Leases. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease, which range from 3-5 years.

Inventories

Inventories of food in the school lunch fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or in the case of surplus food donated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, at the Government's assigned value, which approximates market. A reserve for inventory has been recognized to indicate that this does not constitute available spendable resources.

Purchases of inventory items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and are considered immaterial in amount.

Deferred Outflow of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has

three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. In addition, this item includes the District contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date. The third item relates to OPEB reporting in the district wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net contributions to the net change in the actual and expected experience.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS and TRS Systems) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change of assumptions or other inputs.

Vested Employee Benefits - Compensated Absences

The School District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation, or death, employees may receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave, based on contractual provisions.

Consistent with GASB, an accrual for accumulated sick leave is included in the compensated absences liability at year end. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the fund statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources.

Other Benefits

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System or the New York State Employees' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Collective bargaining agreements determine if District employees are eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing postemployment benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. Other postemployment benefit costs are measured and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting (see Note 10).

Short-Term Debt

The District may issue bond anticipation notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes to be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues are reported when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the School District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incidence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the School District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenues is removed and revenues are recorded.

Equity Classifications

(a) District-Wide Financial Statements

In the District-Wide statements there are three classes of Net Position:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of net capital and right to use assets (cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions, improvements, or leasing of those assets.

Restricted Net Position – reports Net Position when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – reports all other Net Position that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

(b) Fund Statements

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Non-Spendable

This category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This category consists of the prepaid expenses in the General Fund and inventories in the School Lunch Fund.

Restricted Resources

This category includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Generally, the District's policy is to use restricted resources only when appropriated by the Board of Education. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted Net Position are available, the School District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements. The School District has established the following restricted fund balances:

• Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability

The purpose of this account is to reserve funds for the payment of any accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination service. This reserve fund may be established by a majority vote of the board of education and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

• Reserve for Employees' Retirement Contribution

The Retirement Contribution Reserve Fund (GML §6-r) (Chapter 260 of the NYS Laws of 2004) is used to reserve funds for the payment of retirement contributions to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. This reserve was established by a Board resolution and is funded by budgetary appropriation and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. A detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. The Board adopted a resolution establishing a sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. During a fiscal year, the Board may authorize payment into the sub-fund of up to 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the preceding fiscal year, not to exceed a total of 10%. The sub-fund is separately administered, but must comply with all the existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

• Reserve for Tax Certiorari

This reserve is used to accumulate funds to pay judgments and claims resulting from tax certiorari proceedings. Voter approval is not required provided that the monies held do not exceed the anticipated needs of the School District. If no voter approval is obtained, then any excess monies must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after the deposit of the monies. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

• Reserve for Workers' Compensation

Workers' Compensation Reserve (GML §6-j) is used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

• Unemployment Insurance Reserve

Unemployment insurance reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

• Insurance Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-n, all expenditures made from the insurance reserve fund must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Capital Reserves

The Capital Reserve is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the people at any special or annual meeting. Such authorization is further required for payments from the capital reserve. The form of the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in Section 3651 of Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

• On October 8, 2015, the voters authorized a new \$650,000 capital reserve with 12-year probable term for the eventual replacement of the turf field.

Debt Service

This fund is used to account for and report the financial resources that are restricted to pay debt service. The funds include unused debt proceeds and interest and earnings on the temporary investment of debt proceeds.

• Reserve for Endowments and Scholarships

This reserve is used to account for various endowment and scholarship awards. This reserve is accounted for in the Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund.

Unrestricted Resources

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the School District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless School District has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

• *Committed* – Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision-making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The School District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2024.

- Assigned Includes amounts that are constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the Board of Education or (b) the designated official, such as the District's Purchasing Agent, to which the Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. All encumbrances, other than capital fund, are classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the applicable fund. The amount appropriated for the subsequent year's budget of the General fund is also classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund.
- Unassigned Includes all other fund Net Position that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and
 are deemed to be available for general use by the School District. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred
 for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to
 report a negative unassigned fund balance in the respective fund.

Future Changes in Accounting Standards

- GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, effective for the year ending June 30, 2025.
- GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, effective for the year ending June 30, 2025.
- GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements, effective for the year ending June 30, 2026.

The District will evaluate the impact these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

2. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-Wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic resource management focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resource management focus of the governmental funds.

Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Compared to Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the School District's governmental funds differ from "Net Position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheet.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Compared to Statement of Activities

Differences between the governmental funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one the following broad categories:

(a) Long-Term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

(b) Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase or lease of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation and amortization expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

(c) Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

(d) **OPEB** Differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

(e) Pension Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

(f) Employee Benefit Allocation

Expenditures for employee benefits are not allocated to a specific function on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Equity based on the requirements of New York State. These costs have been allocated based on total salary for each function on the Statement of Activities.

3. STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

General Fund – Statutory Unassigned Fund Balance Limit

The School District's unreserved, undesignated fund balance was over the New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limit, which restricts it to an amount not greater than 4% of the School District's budget for the upcoming school year. At June 30, 2024, the School District's unreserved, unassigned fund balance was 9.39% of the 2024-2025 budget.

Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

The School District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund, the only fund with a legally adopted budget.

The voters of the School District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line-item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. No supplemental appropriations occurred during the year.

The budget is adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Change from Adopted Budget to Revised Budget

	d Budget ld: Prior Year's Encumbrances	\$ 47,010,551 333,336
Origina	ll Budget	47,343,887
Add:	Capital Project - Emergency Repair Project Capital Project - St. Ann's Building Acquisition Capital Project - Emergency Repair Project	175,257 750,000 590,500
	Cupital Project Energency Repair Project	1,515,757
Final B	udget	<u>\$ 48,859,644</u>

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are generally presented as assigned fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

NYS Real Property Tax Cap

Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 established a property tax levy limit (generally referred to as the tax cap) that restricts the amount of property taxes local governments (including school districts) can levy. The tax levy for the 2023-2024 school year was within the NYS Tax Cap Limit. The excess, including interest earned, must be deducted from the prior year levy to begin the calculation of the coming year's tax levy limit.

4. PARTICIPATION IN BOCES

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District was billed \$3,344,861 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,658,565. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District issued no debt on behalf of BOCES. However, in prior years', the BOCES issued \$17,505,000 in Revenue Lease Bonds with the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York (DASNY). These bonds will be repaid by the component districts of the BOCES as a lease payment included in the administrative budget of the BOCES over the term of the bonds. The bonds have scheduled principal payments and the outstanding balance at June 30, 2024, was \$15,370,000.

5. CUSTODIAL AND CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the School District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the School District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these notes.

As of June 30, 2024, the School District's total bank balances of \$6,875,193 were entirely collateralized or insured by the Federal Insurance Deposit Corporation. Of this amount, \$1,000,000 of the deposits were covered by FDIC and \$5,875,193 of the deposits were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or in its trust department or an agent in the School District's name.

As of June 30, 2024, the School District's restricted cash consisted of the following:

			Miscellaneous		
		Debt	Special		
	General	Service	Revenue	Capital	Total
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	\$ 241,761	\$	\$	\$	\$ 241,761
Employees' Retirement Contribution Reserve	966,958				966,958
Tax Certiorari Reserve	402,921				402,921
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	92,124				92,124
Workers' Compensation Reserve	375,000				375,000
Insurance Reserve	500,000				500,000
Debt Service		1,325,463			1,325,463
Capital Project	650,000			476,408	1,126,408
Endowments Scholarships			21,028		21,028
Total Restricted	\$3,228,764	\$1,325,463	\$ 21,028	\$ 476,408	\$ 5,051,663

Investment Pool

The School District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, as amended, and Article 3-A of the General Municipal Law (Chapter 623 of the Laws of 1998), whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

The following amounts are included as unrestricted cash equivalents:

Fund	Cost	Fair Value		
General Fund	\$ 6,194,445	\$	6,194,445	

The above amounts represent the cost of the investment pool share and are considered to approximate market value. The investment pool is categorically exempt from the New York State collateral requirements. The Investment Pool issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to MBIA/CLASS, 113 King Street, Albany, New York 10504.

6. CAPITAL AND RIGHT TO USE LEASED ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, is as follows:

	Beginnning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,323,944	\$ 2,749,944	\$	\$ 4,073,888
Construction in Progress	17,048,025	3,569,646	563,610	20,054,061
Total	18,371,969	6,319,590	563,610	24,127,949
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	7,080,336			7,080,336
Buildings and Improvements	86,420,754	1,763,774		88,184,528
Furniture, Equipment and Vehicles	7,522,514	529,609	217,064	7,835,059
Intangibles	138,518		138,518	
Total	101,162,122	2,293,383	355,582	103,099,923
Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	3,693,785	317,570		4,011,355
Buildings and Improvements	29,991,860	2,489,813		32,481,673
Furniture, Equipment and Vehicles	5,461,215	503,068	217,064	5,747,219
Intangibles	138,518		138,518	1
Total	39,285,378	3,310,451	355,582	42,240,247
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	61,876,744	(1,017,068)		60,859,676
Net Capital Assets	\$ 80,248,713	\$ 5,302,522	<u>\$ 563,610</u>	<u>\$ 84,987,625</u>

Depreciation expense was allocated to governmental functions as follows:

Function/Program		
General Support	\$	331,045
Instruction		2,482,839
Pupil Transportation		331,045
School Lunch		165,522
Total Depreciation	<u>\$</u>	3,310,451

Right to use leased asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, is as follows:

	Beginnning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Right to Use Leased Assets				
Leased Equipment	1,347,837	268,392	7,384	1,608,845
Accumulated Amortization				
Leased Equipment	602,740	304,505	7,384	899,861
Net Right To Use Assets	<u>\$ 745,097</u>	\$ (36,113)	\$	<u>\$ 708,984</u>

Amortization expense of \$304,505 is charged solely to instruction.

7. SHORT-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

8.

	Date of			Date of		
	Original		Original	Final	Interest	Outstanding
Payable From/Description	Issue	_	Amount	Maturity	Rate (%)	Amount
General Fund						
Reconstruction and Renovation	6/26/24	\$	2,900,463	6/26/25	4.25	<u>\$ 2,900,463</u>

The School District had Bond Anticipation Note (BAN) activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, as follows:

	Outstanding Beginning			Outstanding Ending
Description	Balance	Refinanced	Paid	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Reconstruction and Renovation	<u>\$ 21,775,000</u>	<u>\$17,560,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,314,537</u>	\$ 2,900,463
Total interest for the year was as follows:				
Interest Paid				<u>\$ 979,875</u>
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				

Noncurrent liability balances and activity are as follows:

	Dutstanding Beginning				Out	standing Ending	Ε	Due Within
Description	 Balance		Additions	Deletions		Balance		One Year
Governmental Activities								
Bonds Payable	\$ 24,138,033	\$	16,679,473	\$ (3,398,033)	\$	37,419,473	\$	3,969,473
Unamortized Premium	 3,809,618	_	1,759,194	 (407,153)	_	5,161,659	_	493,520
	27,947,651		18,438,667	(3,805,186)		42,581,132		4,462,993
Lease Liability	394,449		301,043	(294,472)		401,020		218,022
OPEB Liability	95,344,210		5,146,697	(1,993,379)		98,497,528		
Compensated Absences	 442,827	_	(7,789)	 		435,038		62,450
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 124,129,137	<u>\$</u>	23,878,618	\$ (6,093,037)	\$	141,914,718	<u>\$</u>	4,743,465

Serial Bonds – The School District borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment, construct buildings, or make improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. The long-term liabilities are full faith and credit debt of the local government. The provision to be made in the General Fund's future budgets for capital indebtedness represents the amount exclusive of interest, authorized to be collected in future years from taxpayers and others for liquidation of the long-term liabilities.

Total interest for the year was as follows:

Interest Paid - Serial Bonds	\$ 1,110,995
Interest Paid - Lease Liability	23,695
Amortized Deferred Charge on Advance Refunding	18,991
Amortized Premiums on Bonds	(407,153)
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(48,084)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	 82,339
Total Interest Expense on Long-Term Debt	\$ 780,783

The following is a statement of serial bonds outstanding:

	Date of			Date of			
	Original		Original	Final	Interest	C	Outstanding
Description	Issue	: 	Amount	Maturity	Rate (%)		Amount
School Improvements	06/13	\$	24,385,000	06/32	2.00-3.50	\$	9,320,000
Bus Bond 2020	01/20	\$	497,642	10/24	1.60-1.75		105,000
Bus Bond 2021	12/20	\$	449,892	10/25	1.125-1.20		185,000
Bus Bond 2022	04/22	\$	370,461	10/26	1.25-2.75		225,000
Bus Bond 2023	10/22	\$	433,558	10/27	3.75-4.00		315,000
Bus Bond 2024	03/24	\$	619,473	10/28	3.75		619,473
2020 DASNY Bond	06/20	\$	13,730,000	06/34	5.00		10,590,000
2024 DASNY Bond	06/24	\$	16,060,000	06/39	5.00		16,060,000
						\$	37,419,473

Principal and interest payments due on long term debt are as follows:

For the Year Ending		Serial Bonds		Lease Payables				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total		
2025	\$ 3,969,473	\$ 2,010,686	\$ 5,980,159	\$ 218,022	\$ 16,138	\$ 234,160		
2026	4,075,000	1,592,939	5,667,939	137,925	7,421	145,346		
2027	4,165,000	1,397,113	5,562,113	44,008	1,224	45,232		
2028	2,880,000	1,193,281	4,073,281	1,065	11	1,076		
2029	2,925,000	1,064,844	3,989,844					
2030-2034	13,810,000	3,295,938	17,105,938					
2035-2039	5,595,000	706,500	6,301,500					
Total	<u>\$ 37,419,473</u>	<u>\$11,261,301</u>	<u>\$ 48,680,774</u>	<u>\$ 401,020</u>	<u>\$ 24,794</u>	\$ 425,814		

Special Provisions Affecting Remedies Upon Default

In the event of default in the payment of principal of and/or interest of the bonds, the State Comptroller is required to withhold, under certain conditions prescribed by Section 99-b of the State Finance Law, State Aid and assistance to the District and to apply the amount thereof so withheld to the payment of such defaulted principal and/or interest, which requirement constitutes a covenant by the State with the holders from time to time of the bonds.

Unamortized Premium

The original issue premiums on bonds have been deferred and recorded as an addition to long-term liabilities on the Districtwide financial statements. The premiums are being amortized using the straight-line method over 8 to 19 years, the remaining time to maturity of the respective bond issue. The current year amortization is \$407,153 and is included as a reduction to interest expense on the statement of activities.

Deferred Premium from Refunding of Debt	\$ 8,394,495
Less: Amount Recognized	(3,232,836)
Unamortized Premium	\$ 5,161,659

Deferred Outflows of Resources

The cost of issuing the serial bonds has been capitalized and recorded as a deferred outflow on the District-wide financial statements. The cost is being amortized using the straight-line method over 5 years, the remaining time to maturity of the bonds. The current year amortization is \$18,991 and is included as an addition to interest expense on the statement of activities.

Deferred Charge from Refunding of Debt	\$ 279,705
Less: Accumulated Amortization	 (279,705)
Net Capitalized Refunding of Debt Costs	\$ 0

Lease Liability

The District has entered into agreements with the BOCES and other vendors to lease certain equipment such as copiers and other technology equipment. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of the inception of the agreements. The agreements were executed on various dates ranging from August 10, 2022 to September 1, 2023 and are for a term of 3 years. Annual lease payments for these agreements range from \$14,356 to \$90,681. The lease liability is measured at a discount rates ranging from of 3.193% to 4.664% which is stated in the lease agreements. The District also has two agreements for digital copiers which are amortized using an assumed interest rate of 4.00%. As a result of these leases, the District has recorded a right to use asset with a net book value of \$605,276 at June 30, 2024. The District has made some lump sum payments at the beginning of certain lease agreements and thus there are right to use assets with a net book value of \$103,708 at June 30, 2024 with no corresponding lease liability.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represent the value of earned and unused portion of the liability for compensated absences.

9. PENSION PLANS

A. New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

(a) Plan Description

The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The system provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

The Net Position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four-year term. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The School District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

(b) Contributions

The System is noncontributory for employees who joined prior to July 28, 1976. For employees who joined after July 27, 1976, and prior to January 1, 2010, employees contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership. Employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 are required to contribute 3% of their annual salary for their entire working career. Under the authority of the RSSL, the Comptroller certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. All required contributions for the NYSERS fiscal year ended March 31, 2024, were paid.

The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	Amount			
2022	\$	548,014		
2023	\$	398,699		
2024	\$	472,966		

(c) Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported a liability of \$1,449,463 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the School District's proportion was .009844% and .009877% respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District recognized pension expense of \$690,906. At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	\$	466,871 548,009	\$	39,523
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
Pensions plan investments				708,055
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		196,511		36,134
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		144,424		
Total	\$	1,355,815	\$	783,712

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount			
2025	\$	(213,345)		
2026	\$	320,446		
2027	\$	460,131		
2028	\$	(139,553)		
2029	\$	0		
Thereafter	\$	0		

(d) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2024 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2023, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2024. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2023 valuation are as follows:

Investment rate of return	
(net of investment expense,	
including inflation)	5.90%
Cost of Living Adjustments	1.50%
Salary scale	4.40%
Inflation rate	2.90%

Annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2023 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – April 1, 2020.

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	32%	4.00%
International equity	15%	6.65%
Private equity	10%	7.25%
Real estate	9%	4.60%
Opportunistic/ARS portfolio	3%	5.25%
Credit	4%	5.40%
Real assets	3%	5.79%
Fixed income	23%	1.50%
Cash	1%	0.25%
	100%	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.90%.

(e) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset/liability was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset/liability.

(f) Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability(asset) calculated using the discount rate of 5.9 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Decrease (4.9%)		 Assumption (5.9%)	 Increase (6.9%)
Proportionate share of the Net Pension liability (asset)	\$	4,557,258	\$ 1,449,463	\$ (1,146,192)

(g) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS financial report.

(h) Payables to the Pension Plan

The School District has recorded an amount due to ERS in amount of \$144,424 at June 30, 2024. This amount represents the three months of the School District's fiscal year that will be covered in the ERS 2024-2025 billing cycle and has been accrued as an expenditure in the current year.

B. New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

(a) Plan Description

The School District participates in the New York Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The system provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

The TRS was created and exists pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law. TRS is administered by the system and governed by a ten-member board to provide these benefits to teachers employed by participating employers in the State of New York, excluding New York City. The System provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the New York State Law and may be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval. Benefit provisions vary depending on date of membership and membership class (6 tiers). TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains basic financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. For additional plan information please refer to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the TRS website located at www.nystrs.org.

(b) Contributions

Pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law, employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate adopted annually by the Retirement Board. Tier 3 and Tier 4 members who have less than 10 years of service or membership are required by law to contribute 3% of salary to the System. Tier 5 members are required by law to contribute 3% of salary throughout their active membership. Tier 6 members are required by law to contribute between 3% and 6% of salary throughout their active membership in accordance with a schedule based upon salary earned. Pursuant to Article 14 and Article 15 of the Retirement and Social Security Law, those member contributions are used to help fund the benefits provided by the System. However, if a member dies or leaves covered employment with less than 5 years of credited service for Tiers 3 and 6, the member contributions with interest calculated at 5% per annum are refunded to the employee or designated beneficiary. Eligible Tier 1 and Tier 2 members may make member contributions under certain conditions pursuant to the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law. Upon termination of membership, such accumulated member contributions are refunded. At retirement, such accumulated member contributions can be withdrawn or are paid as a life annuity.

The required employer contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	Amount			
2022	\$	1,439,100		
2023	\$	1,643,378		
2024	\$	1,648,075		

(c) Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported a net liability of \$960,356 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability(asset). The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the School District's proportion was 0.083978% and .082893% respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District recognized a pension expense of \$2,677,261. At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,328,607	\$	5,755	
Changes of assumptions		2,067,617		450,626	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
Pensions plan investments		490,915			
Changes in proportion		5,423		268,605	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,648,075			
Total	\$	6,540,637	\$	724,986	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date, if any, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	Amount		
2024	\$	328,308	
2025	\$	(563,415)	
2026	\$	3,801,650	
2027	\$	254,560	
2028	\$	209,156	
Thereafter	\$	137,317	

(d) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at June 30, 2023 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were as follows:

Investment Rate		
of Return	6.95% compound	ded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.
Salary scale	Rates of increase	e differ based on age and gender.
	They have been o	calculated based upon recent NYSTRS member experience.
	Service	Rate
	5	5.18%
	15	3.64%
	25	2.50%
	35	1.95%
Projected COLAs	1.30% compound	ded annually.
Inflation rate	2.40%	

Annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP2021, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, *Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations*. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of the valuation date of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Domestic equity	33.0%	6.8%
International equity	15.0%	7.6%
Global equity	4.0%	7.2%
Real estate equity	11.0%	6.3%
Private equity	9.0%	10.1%
Domestic fixed income	16.0%	2.2%
Global bonds	2.0%	1.6%
Private debt	2.0%	6.0%
Real estate debt	6.0%	3.2%
High-yield bonds	1.0%	4.4%
Cash equivalents	1.0%	0.3%
	100.0%	

* Real rates of return are net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.4% for 2023.

(e) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset/liability at June 30, 2023 was 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from school districts will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future

benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

(f) Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease	A	ssumption	Increase
	 5.95%		6.95%	 7.95%
Proportionate share of				
the Net Pension Liability (Assets)	\$ 14,626,705	\$	960,356	\$ (10,533,635)

(g) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

(h) Payables to the Pension Plan

The School District has recorded an amount due to TRS in amount of \$1,648,075 in the General Fund, net of the employees portion at June 30, 2024. This amount represents employer contributions for the 2023-2024 fiscal year that will be made in 2024-2025 and has been accrued as an expenditure in the current year.

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

(a) Plan Description

The School District administers the Westhill Retiree Medical Plan (the Plan) as a single-employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefit plan. The plans are single-employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board.

The Plan does not issue a standalone publicly available financial report since no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 4.

The Plan provides for continuation of medical insurance benefits for certain retirees and their spouses and can be amended by action of the School District subject to applicable collective bargaining and employment agreements as follows:

- Administrators Employees are eligible when they are at least 55 years old and have at least 10 years of service with the District. Eligible retirees contribute between 0% to 25% depending on the years of service on the date of retirement.
- Teachers Employees hired prior to March 21, 2011 are eligible when they are at least 55 years old and have at least 5 years of service. Employees hired after to March 21, 2011 are eligible when they are at least 55 years old and have at least 10 years of service. Eligible employees earn 5% per year of service with the District. They may earn up to a maximum of 85%. Eligible retirees contribute between 15% to 100% depending on the years of service on the date of retirement.
- Non-instructional Employees must have worked full-time with the District for 17 years. Depending on the number of years of service the District will contribute 50% to 85% and 35% to 75% for the employees' spouse.
- Transportation Employees must be 55 and have worked full-time with the District for 15 years. Depending on the number of years of service the District will contribute a flat rate from \$1,125 to \$1,300 for individual coverage and from \$1,950 to \$2,300 for family. For retires with over 30 years of service with the District, the District will pay 85% of the premium.

(b) Benefits Provided

The School District provides medical and prescription drug benefits to its eligible retirees. Dental, vision, and life insurance benefits are available with select classes of employees. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the School District's contractual agreements. The Plans can be amended by action of the School District through agreements with the bargaining units.

(c) Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

	Total
Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	184
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active employees	321
Total	505

(d) Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$98,497,528 was measured as of July 1, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

(e) Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

Changes in the District's total OPEB liability were as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability			
Balances, June 30, 2023	\$ 95,344,210			
Changes recognized for the year:				
Service cost	3,468,956			
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	3,462,703			
Change in assumptions and other inputs	(1,784,962)			
Benefit payments	(1,993,379)			
Net changes	3,153,318			
Balances, June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 98,497,528</u>			

(h) Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%			
	Decrease	Decrease Assumption				
	2.55%	3.65%		4.75%		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 116,488,115	\$ 98,497,528	\$	84,117,733		

(i) Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (7.00 declining to 2.94 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (9.00 percent declining to 4.94 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	 1% Decrease		Current Assumption	 1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$ \$ 81,753,097		98,497,528	\$ 120,238,145

Sensitivity analysis for healthcare cost inflation (trend) rate is illustrated as of end of year.

(j) OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$6,297,576. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 883,398	\$	642,330	
Changes of assumptions	6,876,579		8,721,019	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 2,240,556			
Total	\$ 10,000,533	\$	9,363,349	

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:		Amount			
2025	\$	699,987			
2026	\$	1,214,997			
2027	S	(508,603)			
2028	\$	(1,674,321)			
2029	\$	(1,170,710)			

(f) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022 with at measurement date of July 1, 2023. The following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date	July 1, 2022
Measurement Date	July 1, 2023
Reporting Date	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal - Level Percent of Pay
Plan Type	Single Employer Defined Benefit Plan
Inflation rate	2.50%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	8.00 to 3.94%
Discount Rate	3.65% (3.54% Prior Year)
Mortality - Actives	The Pub-2010 Mortality Table for employees: sex distinct, job category-specific, headcount weighted, and adjusted for mortality improvements with scale MP-2021 mortality improvement scale on a generational basis.
Mortality - Retirees	The Pub-2010 Mortality Table for healthy retirees: sex distinct, job category-specific, headcount weighted, and adjusted for mortality improvements with scale MP-2021 mortality improvement scale on a generational basis.

Changes to Assumptions and Other Inputs

Changed the discount rate from 3.54% to 3.65%. The discount rates are inputs taken from the rate for a 20-year high-quality tax-exempt municipal bond index as of each measurement date.

Cash Flows – The cash flows into and out of the Plan are expected to be consistent with the above assumptions and Plan descriptions of participant contributions.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

General Information

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to tax certioraris, torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. Except for tax certiorari, these risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years. Sufficient reserves exist to cover any unfavorable settlements of the tax certiorari. The School District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including general liability and employee health and accident insurance.

Workers' Compensation Pool

Westhill Central School District participates with 24 other school districts in the Onondaga-Cortland-Madison Workers' Compensation Consortium. Entities joining the plan must remain members for a minimum of one year; a member may withdraw from the plan after that time by submitting a notice of withdrawal 30 days prior to the plan's year end. Plan members are subject to a supplemental assessment in the event of deficiencies. If the plan's assets were to be exhausted, members would be responsible for the plan's liabilities. The plan uses a reinsurance agreement to reduce its exposure to large losses on insured events. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from the reinsurer, although it does not discharge the liability of the plan as direct insurer of the risks reinsured. The plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims' costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims' liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims' liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made. The Consortium is a shared-risk public entity risk pool, whereby each district pays annual premiums based on the expected aggregate claims for all enrollees. Paid claims are also accounted for in the aggregate with individual district activity not being traced separately. Due to this arrangement, a possible contingent liability exists for Westhill Central School District as a result of the possibility that any participating school district may have actual claims less than the annual premium and try to recover its portion due to it through the Consortium participants. During the current year, the School District paid \$207,665 in net fees.

12. FUND BALANCE

(a) The following is a summary of the change in General fund restricted reserve funds during the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Beginning Balance Increases Decreases						Ending Balance
Restricted		Bulunee		mereuses		-	Bulance
General Fund							
General Fund							
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	\$	239,851	\$	1,910	\$	\$	241,761
Retirement Contribution		966,958					966,958
Tax Certiorari		399,738		3,183			402,921
Unemployment Insurance		92,124					92,124
Workers' Compensation		375,000					375,000
Insurance		500,000					500,000
Capital Reserve	-	650,000					650,000
Total General Fund Restricted	\$	3,223,671	\$	5,093	\$	\$	3,228,764

(b) The following is the disaggregation of the fund balance that is reported in summary on the Governmental Fund's Balance Sheet at June 30, 2024:

	G	School	Miscellaneous	Debt		T 1
	General	Lunch	Special Revenue	Service	Capital	Total
Nonspendable	<u>\$ 1,055,344</u>	<u>\$ 18,497</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$ 1,073,841
Restricted						
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	241,761					241,761
Employees' Retirement Contribution Reserve	966,958					966,958
Tax Certiorari Reserve	402,921					402,921
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	92,124					92,124
Insurance Reserve	500,000					500,000
Workers' Compensation Reserve	375,000					375,000
Debt Service				1,429,676		1,429,676
Capital Reserve	650,000					650,000
Endowments and Scholarships			21,028			21,028
Total Restricted	3,228,764		21,028	1,429,676		4,679,468
Assigned						
General Support	92,001					92,001
Instruction	164,789					164,789
Pupil Transportation						
School Lunch		342,685				342,685
Appropriated for Subsequent Year's Budget	1,857,012					1,857,012
Total Assigned	2,113,802	342,685				2,456,487
Unassigned (Deficit)	4,695,451				(2,686,762)	2,008,689
Total Fund Equity (Deficit)	\$ 11,093,361	\$ 361,182	<u>\$ 21,028</u>	\$ 1,429,676	\$ (2,686,762)	\$ 10,218,485

13. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Potential Grantor Liability

The School District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the School District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Litigation

The School District is a defendant in tax certiorari cases in which the plaintiffs seek a reduction in assessment and refund on real property taxes paid. The potential estimated loss at June 30, 2024 is approximately \$516,000. Since the amount is not considered probable, no amount has been recorded as a payable.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration for the General Fund, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds. At June 30, 2024, certain amounts which were previously restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes have been encumbered in the governmental funds. The General Fund encumbrances are reflected as part of the assigned fund balance. The other encumbrances are not reflected on the fund financial statements because the assignment would result in a negative unassigned fund balance. Significant encumbrances included in governmental fund balances are as follows:

	 General
Encumbrances	
General Support	\$ 92,001
Instruction	 164,789
Total Encumbrances	\$ 256,790

14. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The following is a summary of the Interfund Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	-	Interfund				Interfund					
Fund Type	R	Receivables		Payables		Revenues		penditures			
General	\$	1,346,743	\$	114,155	\$	387,430	\$	1,627,797			
School Lunch		14,487		131,383		14,487		131,384			
Special Aid		2,115		936,084							
Debt Service		360,260		256,047				256,047			
Capital Fund		97,553		360,260		1,613,311					
Custodial Fund				23,229			-				
Total	\$	1,821,158	\$	1,821,158	\$	2,015,228	<u>\$</u>	2,015,228			

• The Interfund receivables and payables exist for cash flow purposes. The balances are considered current and expected to be repaid during the next fiscal year.

- The District transferred \$131,384 from the School Lunch Fund to the General Fund to reimburse expenditures.
- The District transferred \$1,613,311 from the General Fund to the Capital Fund to finance capital projects.
- The District also transferred \$256,047 from the Debt Service Fund to the General Fund to offset related debt service payments.

15. <u>NET POSITION DEFICIT – DISTRICT-WIDE</u>

The District-wide Net Position had total net position deficit of \$41,404,394. The deficit is primarily the result of the implementation of GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which required the recognition of an unfunded liability of \$98,497,528 at June 30, 2024. Since New York State Laws provide no mechanism for funding the liability, the subsequent accruals are expected to increase the deficit in subsequent years.

16. FUND BALANCE DEFICIT

The Capital Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$2,686,762. This will be funded when the District obtains permanent financing for its current construction project.

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual		Varia	l Budget ance With Actual
Revenues									
Local Sources	¢	22 (07 210	e	22 (07 210	¢	21 220 0/0		¢	(2 247 240)
Real Property Taxes	\$	23,687,218	Э	23,687,218	\$	21,339,969		\$	(2,347,249)
Other Real Property Tax Items		70.000		70.000		2,346,382			2,346,382
Nonproperty Tax Items Charges for Services		70,000 50,172		70,000		81,734			11,734
Use of Money and Property		126,000		50,172 126,000		42,125 781,137			(8,047) 655,137
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss		32,000		32,000		28,793			and the second second second second
Miscellaneous		535,000		535,000		694,267			(3,207) 159,267
State Aid		21,034,970		21,034,970		21,523,231			488,261
Federal Aid		195,000		195,000		159,737			(35,263)
Total Revenues	-	45,730,360	-	45,730,360		46,997,375			1,267,015
Total Revenues		45,750,500		45,750,500		40,777,575			1,207,015
Other Financing Sources									
Transfers from Other Funds		180,970		180,970		387,430			206,460
Appropriated Fund Balance		1,432,557		2,948,314					(2,948,314)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	47,343,887	\$	48,859,644		47,384,805		\$	(1,474,839)
5									
									ll Budget ance With
		Original		Final			Year-End	F	Actual
		Budget		Budget		Actual	Encumbrances		cumbrances
Expanditures		Budget	-	Budget	-	retuur			cumorumeto.
Expenditures									
General Support Board of Education	\$	16,075	¢	20,875		20,656	\$	\$	219
Central Administration	3	269,599	9	281,914		277,659	5	J.	4,255
Finance		515,278		515,278		476,643	382		38,253
Staff		114,192		114,192		102,056	675		11,461
Central Services		3,321,852		3,261,854		2,809,154	90,944		361,756
Special Items		350,011		329,811		314,750	50,544		15,061
Total General Support		4,587,007	-	4,523,924	-	4,000,918	92,001	-	431,005
Instruction	-	4,567,007	_	4,525,724		4,000,010			451,005
Instruction, Administration, and Improvement		1,560,115		1,603,921		1,560,053	1,519		42,349
Teaching - Regular School		11,058,866		11,391,992		11,194,464	38,753		158,775
Programs for Children With Special Needs		5,302,111		4,966,949		4,715,926	116,327		134,696
Occupational Education		313,063		313,063		313,063	110,527		101,070
Teaching - Special School		57,920		57,920		48,968			8,952
Instructional Media		1,286,808		1,299,697		1,177,673	5,747		116,277
Pupil Services		2,361,506		2,438,955		2,385,546	2,443		50,966
Total Instruction		21,940,389	_	22,072,497		21,395,693	164,789		512,015
Total Instruction		21,740,507		22,072,177	_	21,070,070			012,010
Pupil Transportation		2,387,400		2,387,400		2,300,868			86,532
Employee Benefits		11,827,044		11,493,832		11,235,607			258,225
Debt Service - Principal		4,612,558		4,612,558		4,657,506			(44,948)
Debt Service - Interest		1,872,489		2,136,676		2,114,565			22,111
Total Expenditures		47,226,887		47,226,887		45,705,157	256,790		1,264,940
Other Financing Uses									
Transfers to Other Funds		117,000		1,632,757		1,627,797	-	-	4,960
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	47,343,887	\$	48,859,644	-	47,332,954	<u>\$ 256,790</u>	\$	1,269,900
Net Change in Fund Balances						51,851			
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year					-	11,041,510			
Fund Balances - End of Year					\$	11,093,361			

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

The School District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund, the only fund with a legally adopted budget.

The budget is adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	 2024	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019		2018 *
Measurement Date	7/1/2023	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2020	7/1/2019	7/1/2018		7/1/2017
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$ 3,468,956	\$ 4,210,025	\$ 4,368,127	\$ 2,272,970	\$ 2,572,203	\$ 2,795,686	\$	3,658,677
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	3,462,703	2,223,152	2,170,552	2,630,960	3,046,231	2,917,455		2,533,750
Change in assumptions and other inputs	(1,784,962)	(10,109,293)	1,243,521	16,232,791	(674,242)	2,329,444		(11,535,281)
Changes in benefit terms				(38,162)	(6,334,082)			
Differences between expected and actual experience in the								
measurement of the total OPEB liability		349,551		1,719,119		(8,350,320)		
Benefit payments	 (1,993,379)	 (2,009,568)	 (1,897,454)	 (1,838,784)	 (1,870,373)	 (1,720,061)	_	(1,594,439)
Net change in total OPEB Liability	3,153,318	(5,336,133)	5,884,746	20,978,894	(3,260,263)	(2,027,796)		(6,937,293)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 95,344,210	 100,680,343	 94,795,597	 73,816,703	 77,076,966	 79,104,762		86,042,055
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 98,497,528	\$ 95,344,210	\$ 100,680,343	\$ 94,795,597	\$ 73,816,703	\$ 77,076,966	\$	79,104,762
Covered payroll	\$ 18,104,896	\$ 17,126,902	\$ 16,022,105	\$ 15,335,969	\$ 14,928,549	\$ 14,471,422	\$	13,925,036
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll	544%	557%	628%	618%	494%	533%		568%

* 10 years of historical information will not be available upon implementation. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

The District has net assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay OPEB benefits. The District currently contributes enough money to the plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the total OPEB liability are described in Note 10 to the financial statements.

Changes to Assumptions -

Increased the discount rate from 3.54% to 3.65%. The discount rates are inputs taken from the rate for a 20-year high-quality tax-exempt municipal bond index as of each measurement date.

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

ERS Pension Plan

		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	472,966	\$	398,699	\$	548,014	\$	491,038	\$	458,563	S	487,980	\$	466,252	S	460,120	\$	456,995	S	560,578
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		472,966	-	398,699		548,014	_	491,038		458,563	_	487,980	-	466,252	-	460,120	_	456,995	-	560,578
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>s</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>s</u>		<u>s</u>		5		5		5	
School District's Covered-ERS Employee Payroll	\$	3,751,784	S	3,551,865	\$	3,540,115	S	3,480,906	S	3,287,761	S	3,381,731	S :	3,233,779	s	3,121,255	S	3,119,522	s	3,165,499
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		12.61%		11.23%		15.48%		14.11%		13.95%		14.43%		14.42%		14.74%		14.65%		17.71%

TRS Pension Plan

		2024		2023		2022		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	1,648,075	\$	1,643,378	\$	1,439,100	\$	1,329,162	\$ 1,213,381	\$ 1,385,559	\$ 1,232,639	\$ 1,359,267	\$ 1,564,412	\$ 3	2,063,493
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		1,648,075		1,643,378	_	1,439,100	_	1,329,162	1,213,381	1,385,559	1,232,639	1,359,267	1,564,412		2,063,493
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$</u>		<u>s</u>		5		<u>s</u>		<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>s</u>	
School District's Covered-TRS Employee Payroll	S	16,886,014	\$	15,970,632	s	14,684,694	\$	13,947,133	\$ 13,695,045	\$ 13,046,695	\$ 12,577,949	\$ 11,597,841	\$ 11,797,979	\$ 1	1,771,209
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		9.76%		10.29%		9.80%		9.53%	8.86%	10.62%	9.80%	11.72%	13.26%		17.53%

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET (LIABILITY) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			ER	S Pension Plan							
	2024		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.009844%		0.009877%	0.008866%	0.009435%	0.009638%	0.010201%	0.010078%	0.009994%	0.010129%	0.010465%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,449,463	\$	2,118,019 \$	(724,729) \$	9,395 \$	2,638,477 \$	722,789 \$	325,259 \$	939,030 \$	1,625,803 \$	353,524
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,751,784	s	3,551,865 \$	3,540,115 \$	3,480,906 \$	3,287,761 \$	3,381,731 \$	3,233,779 \$	3,121,255 \$	3,119,522 \$	3,165,499
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	38.63%		59.63%	-20.47%	00.27%	80.25%	21.37%	10.06%	30.09%	52.12%	11.17%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension assets	93.88%		90.78%	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%

TRS Pension Plan

	2023		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.083978%		0.082893%	0.080834%	0.079068%	0.075963%	0.075236%	0.075583%	0.076456%	0.078299%	0.078813%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 960,356	\$	1,590,624 \$	(14,007,835) \$	(2,184,862) \$	1,973,513 \$	1,360,463 \$	574,509 \$	(818,879) \$	8,132,801 \$	8,779,306
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 15,970,632	s	14,684,694 \$	13,947,133 \$	13,695,045 \$	13,046,695 \$	12,577,949 \$	11,597,841 \$	11,797,979 \$	11,771,209 \$	11,933,421
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	6.01%		10.83%	-100.44%	-15.95%	15.13%	10.82%	4.95%	-6.94%	69.09%	73.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension assets	99.20%		98.60%	113.20%	97.80%	102.20%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF CHANGE FROM ORIGINAL BUDGET TO REVISED BUDGET AND REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Change from Adopted Budget to Revised Budget

Adopt	Adopted Budget					
Ad	d: Prior Year's Encumbrances		333,336			
Origin		47,343,887				
Add:	Capital Project - Emergency Repair Project Capital Project - St. Ann's Building Acquisition Capital Project - Emergency Repair Project		175,257 750,000 590,500 1,515,757			
Final I	<u>\$</u>	48,859,644				

Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation

2024-25 Voter-Approved Expenditure Budget Maximum Allowed (4% of 2024-25 budget)		<u>\$</u>	49,991,824 1,999,673
General Fund - Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law :			
Unrestricted Fund Balance: Assigned Fund Balance Unassigned Fund Balance Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	\$ 2,113,802 4,695,451		6,809,253
Less: Appropriated Fund Balance Encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance Total adjustments	 1,857,012 256,790		2,113,802
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		<u>s</u>	4,695,451
Actual percentage			9.39%

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Expenditures				Methods	of Financing		Fund
	Original Authorization	Revised Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Unexpended Balance	Proceeds of Obligations	Federal and State Aid	Local Sources	Total	Balance (Deficit) June 30, 2024
PROJECT TITLE Buses											
Buses 2022-2023 Buses 2023-2024	\$ 396,000 620,000	\$ 396,000 620,000	\$ 388,033	619,473	\$ 388,033 619,473	\$ 7,967 527	\$ 388,033 619,473			\$ 388,033 619,473	\$
Leased Assets 2022-23 2023-24	402,074	402,074	402,074	301,043	402,074 301,043	(301,043)	402,074 301,043			402,074 301,043	
Local Projects 2022-23 2023-24	100,000 100,000	100,000 100,000	96,514	97,553	96,514 97,553	3,486 2,447			96,514 97,553	96,514 97,553	
Smart Schools Bond Act	1,076,116	1,076,116	693,895	58,687	752,582	323,534		693,895		693,895	(58,687)
2019 Capital Project	20,183,700	20,183,700	16,547,581	3,626,045	20,173,626	10,074	16,060,000		4,436,332	20,496,332	322,706
2022 Walberta/Cherry Road	1,250,000	1,250,000	90,430	837,771	928,201	321,799					(928,201)
2022 Walberta/Cherry Road Emergency Project	765,757	765,757		738,020	738,020	27,737			765,757	765,757	27,737
Purchase of Land and Building - St Ann's	2,750,000	2,750,000		2,749,944	2,749,944	56			750,000	750,000	(1,999,944)
2024 Capital Project Totals	2,250,000 \$\$	2,250,000 \$ 29,893,647	<u>\$ 18,218,527</u>	50,373 \$ 9,078,909	50,373 \$ 27,297,436	2,199,627 \$ 2,596,211	<u>\$ 17,770,623</u>	\$ 693,895	\$ 6,146,156	<u>\$ 24,610,674</u>	(50,373) \$ (2,686,762)

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Right to Use Leased Assets, Net	\$	708,984
Capital Assets, Net	11	84,987,625
		85,696,609
Deduct:		
Short-Term - Bond Anticipation Note		2,900,463
Less Unspent Debt Proceeds		(116,148)
Lease Liability		401,020
Long-Term - Serial Bonds Payable		37,419,473
Premium on Bonds Payable		5,161,659
		45,766,467
Net Investment in Capital Assets	<u>\$</u>	39,930,142

D'Arcangelo&CO,LLF Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

200 E. Garden St., P.O. Box 4300, Rome, N.Y. 13442-4300 315-336-9220 Fax: 315-336-0836

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Education

Westhill Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Westhill Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Westhill Central School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 23, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Westhill Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Westhill Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Westhill Central School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the school district's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Westhill Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the school district's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

D'arcangelo + Co., LLP

September 23, 2024

Rome, New York





Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

200 E. Garden St., P.O.Box 4300, Rome, N.Y. 13442-4300 315-336-9220 Fax: 315-336-0836

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Education Westhill Central School District, New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Westhill Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Westhill Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Westhill Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Westhill Central School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Westhill Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Westhill Central School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Westhill Central School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Westhill Central School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Westhill Central School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.



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In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

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- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
 procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Westhill Central
 School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as
 we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Westhill Central School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Westhill Central School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

D'arcongelo + Co., LLP

September 23, 2024

Rome, New York

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL Number	Agency or Pass-through Number	Current Year Expenditures	Subrecipient
U.S. Department of Agriculture (Passed Through the State Education Department of the State				
of New York - Pass-Through Grantor's No. 420701060000)				
Nutrition Cluster				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	\$ 76,888	\$
Supply Chain Interruption	10.555	N/A	50,572	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	237,949	
Total Cash Assistance			365,409	
Total Nutrition Cluster			365,409	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			365,409	
U.S. Department of Education				
(Passed Through the State Education Department of the State				
of New York - Pass-Through Grantor's No. 420701060000)				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	0016-24-2115	68,300	
Title I - PT A-Improvement Acad Achmt F/DIS	84.010A	0021-24-2115	139,595	
Title I, School Improvement	84.010A	0011-24-8248	700	
Total			208,595	
Special Education Cluster				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027A	0032-24-0645	440,463	
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027A	0032-23-0645	10,341	
COVID-19 Special Education - Grants to States	84.027X	5532-22-0645	515	
Total Special Education Cluster			451,319	
Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act - COVID-19				
Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund (GEER)	84.425C	5896-21-2115	2,546	
American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	5880-21-2115	188,005	
American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	5870-23-9310	243,407	
American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	5883-21-2115	47,554	
American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	5884-21-2115	165,107	
Total			646,619	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	0147-24-2115	3,100	
Total U.S. Department of Education	0.1207		1,309,633	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u>\$ 1,675,042</u>	\$

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards represents all Federal awards administered by the Westhill Central School District. The School District's organization is defined in Note 1 to the School District's basic financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

The expenditures in the accompanying schedule are presented on an accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements

Food Donation

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at fair market value of the food commodities received. At June 30, 2024, the School District had food commodities totaling \$5,057 in inventory.

Cluster Programs

The following programs are identified by "OMB Compliance Supplement" to be part of a cluster of programs:

U.S. Department of Agriculture

Nutrition Cluster	
AL #10.553	School Breakfast Program
AL #10.555	National School Lunch Program

U.S. Department of Education

Special Education Cluster

pecial Education C	luster
AL #84.027	Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)
AL #84.173	Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)
AL #84.027X	COVID-19 Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)
AL #84.173X	COVID-19 Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)

Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Summary of Auditor's Results

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major Federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported for major Federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	U.S. Department of Education COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund: AL # 84.425C Governor's Emergency Educational Relief (GEER) Fund School Emergency Relief (ESSER) AL # 84.425U American Rescue Plan – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

(Continued)

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

(Continued)

Findings – Financial Statement Audit

No findings noted in the current year.

Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Award Program Audit

No findings noted in the current year.

WESTHILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR'S FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Findings – Financial Statement Audit

No findings were noted in the prior year.

Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Award Program Audit

No findings were noted in the prior year.



RICHARD CHAPMAN Assistant Superintendent for Curriculum and Instruction Phone (315) 426-3272 STEPHEN R. DUNHAM Superintendent of Schools

400 Walberta Road Syracuse, New York 13219-2214 Phone (315) 426-3272 Fax (315) 488-6411 STEVEN E. SMITH Assistant Superintendent for Business Administration Phone (315) 426-3000

CERTIFICATION OF DISTRICT CLERK

I, Laurie Lowe, District Clerk of the *Westhill Central School District*, hereby certify that the

following resolution:

20. D'Arcangelo & Co., LLP - 2023-2024 Independent Audit

"Be it resolved, upon the recommendation of the Superintendent, the 2023-24 Independent Audit Report as presented and provided by D'Arcangelo & Co., LLP be accepted and approved."

was adopted by the required majority (5 yes, 0 no) of the Board of Education at its regular

meeting held on September 23, 2024.

September 26, 2024

Laurie Lowe, District Clerk